

1 OPERATING SYSTEMS LABORATORY

III - C Review II

1. Structures; A set of more variables grouped together for convenient handling.

- [code10.c](#)

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define PI 3.14
typedef struct point {
    int x;
    int y;
} Point;
typedef struct circle {
    Point center;
    int radius;
} Circle;
double get_area(Circle *c);
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    Point p;
    p.x = 3;
    p.y = 5;
    Circle *circle = (Circle *)malloc(sizeof(*circle));
    circle->center = p;
    circle->radius = 2;
    printf("center: (%d, %d), radius: %d\nArea: %f\n",
        circle->center.x, circle->center.y, circle->radius, get_area(circle));
    return 0;
}
double get_area(Circle *c)
{
    return 2*PI*c->radius;
}
```

- Analyze the code.
- Execute the code. What is the output and why?
- Exercise: Modify the code to;
 - add structure for a cylinder,
 - print out the volume of the cylinder.

2. File Input and Output; Examples on how to read from a file and write to a file.

- [code11.c](#) and [code12.c](#).
- Analyze the code11.c and the output, do not forget also retrieve the file [datafile](#).
- Analyze the code12.c and the output, what is stored into file “output”?

3. **Assignment I** In this assignment, you're to sort a given multi-column unsorted integer file [unsorted.txt](#).

- The first line of the file contains number of integers and number of columns.
- According to that information, write a complete C program to sort all the integers in a single-column format (to standard output, or directly to file).
- Which sorting algorithm?

Table 1: You should use the following sorting algorithms depending on the last digit of your Student ID.

Last Digit	Algorithm	Complexity
0-1	Bubble sort	$O(n^2)$
2-3	Heap sort	$O(n \log n)$
4-5	Insertion sort	$O(n^2)$
6-7	Merge sort	$O(n \log n)$
8-9	Quick sort	$O(n \log n)$

The last column is just given for information, not relevant for your assignment.

- You will be asked about your code during lab hour for grading.